



PROBATION DEPARTMENT COUNTY OF SAN MATEO

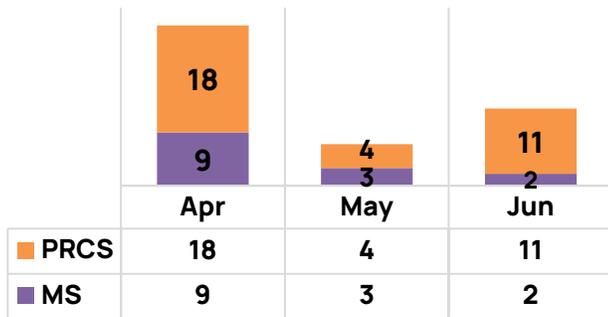
Quarterly Post-Release Community and Mandatory Supervision Update April - June 2020: 47 New Supervisees

*since realignment began in October 2011, there have been 2,438 supervisees.

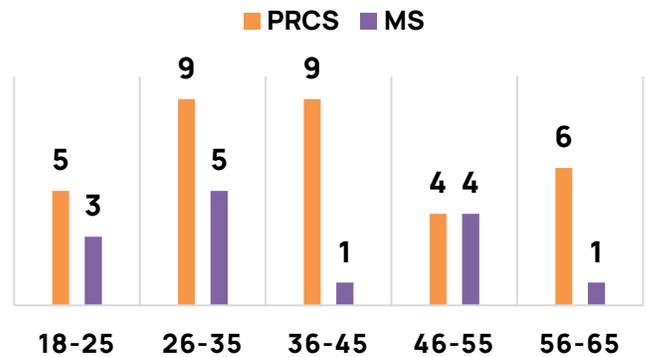
FY 2019-20 Fourth Quarter Highlights

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 47 new supervisees • PRCS supervisees (33) outnumbered MS supervisees (14) • 30% of new supervisees live out of county (YTD: 32%) • 26% of new supervisees were transient (YTD: 21%) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 revocations were filed (YTD: 184) • 100% of violations were technical violations (YTD: 45%) • 74% of terminations were successful (YTD: 74%) |
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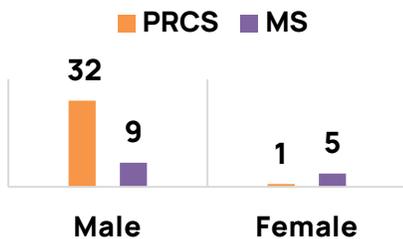
PRCS and MS Released to SMC Supervision



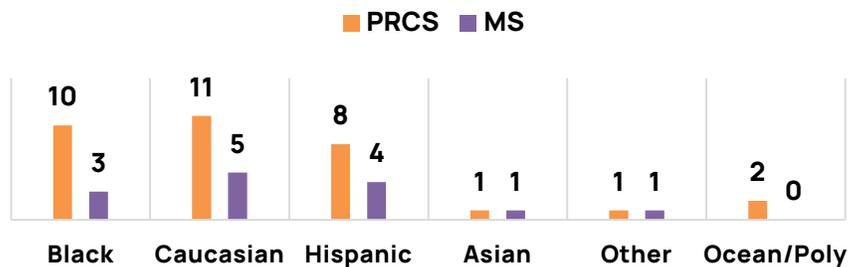
Age



Gender



Race



PRCS			
East Palo Alto	6	Menlo Park	1
Redwood City	4	Pacifica	1
Daly City	2	Brisbane	1
San Bruno	1	Foster City	1
San Mateo	1		
Transient	7	Out of County	8
Total Supervisees	33		

MS			
San Mateo	2	Pacifica	1
Transient	5	Out of County	6
Total Supervisees	14		

Terminations, Revocations and Flashes

There were thirty-nine (39) terminations during the reporting period. Seventy-four percent (74%) were successful.

Total # of Supervisees Successfully Terminated		Total # of Supervisees Unsuccessfully Terminated	
PRCS - 19	MS - 10	PRCS - 7	MS - 3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early Terminations: 16 • Normal Terminations: 3 			

In the reporting period, we filed a total of four (4) revocations, with PRCS having two (2) and MS having two (2) revocations. The breakdown by violation category is below:

Violation Type	PRCS	MS	% of Q4 Revocations
Property	0	0	0%
Drug/Alcohol	0	0	0%
Crimes Against Persons	0	0	0%
Technical	2	2	100%
Other Crimes	0	0	0%
TOTAL	2	2	100%

Generally, the population is reoffending by committing crimes similar to those for which they are on Realignment, namely non-serious, non-violent, non-serious sex related crimes.

One hundred percent (100%) of revocations were for technical violations. Technical violations of supervision are filed when supervisees abscond or fail to abstain from substance use. It is important to note that the Probation Department usually files formal revocations after lower sanctions have been attempted, including flash incarcerations for PRCS cases. However, at times, officers may decide that a formal revocation is more appropriate than utilizing lower sanctions, depending on the circumstances of the violation. There were no revocations filed were for new law violations involving crimes against persons, property, drug/alcohol related crimes as well as other crimes.

There were six (6) **flash incarcerations** during this reporting period.

There were no supervisees whose charges were reduced because of **Prop 47** or **Prop 64**.

Two cases were **transferred** to another county for supervision.

Recidivism Definition

San Mateo County: Arrest and/or Charges Filed within 3 years of Last Incarceration in San Mateo County, including warrant arrests, PTA/Court Sentence but **excludes** PRCS flash incarcerations/Revocation, 647/849B1 (no charges filed) or dropped charges.

Attorney General: An arrest resulting in a charge within three years of an individual's release from incarceration or placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction

BSCC: A conviction of a new felony or misdemeanor committed within three years of release from custody or committed within three years of placement on supervision for a previous criminal conviction.



San Mateo County Quarterly Realignment Bulletin

Quarter 2: April—June 2020

Executive Summary:

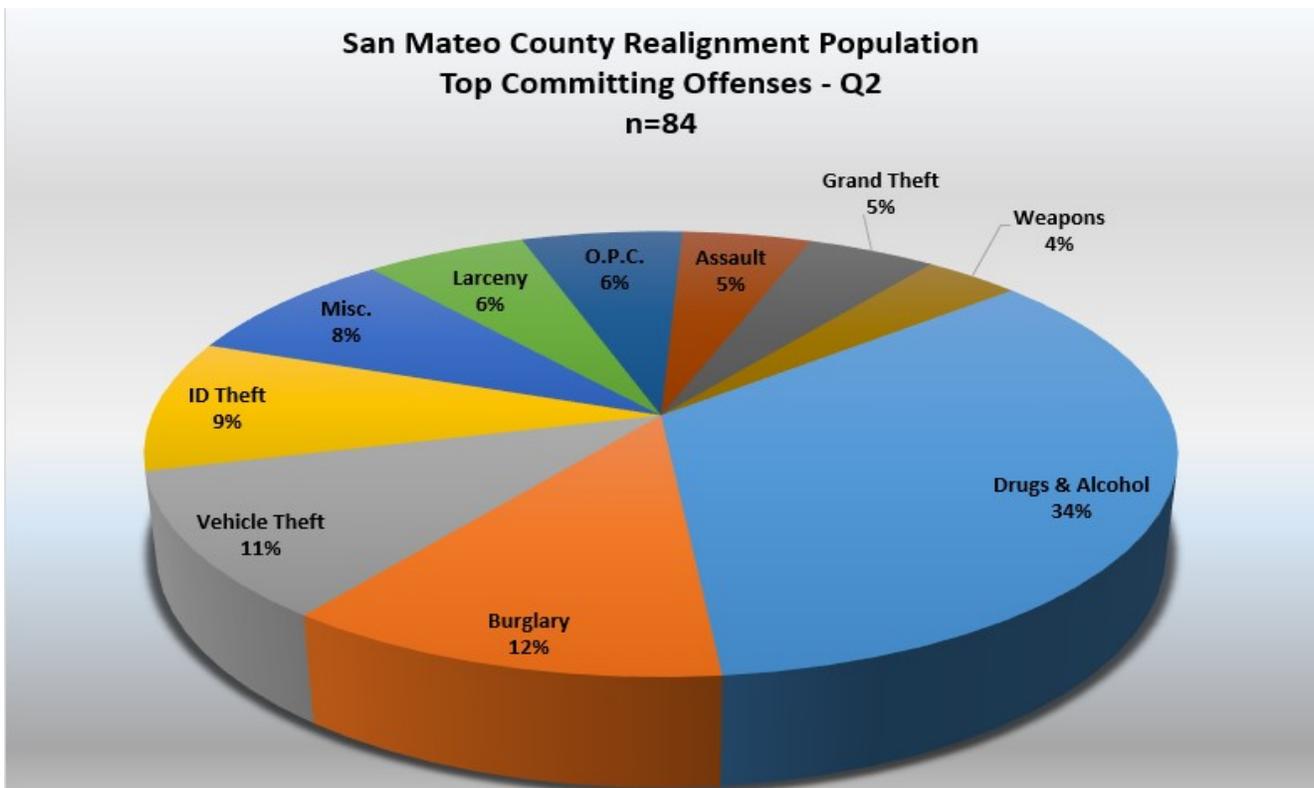
Offenses committed by the supervised and in-custody realignment populations in San Mateo County during April through June (Q2) continue to show that this population commits drug and property crime offenses. There is no significant involvement in serious or violent crime.

Overview:

During Quarter 2, drug/alcohol offenses (34%), burglary (12%), and vehicle theft (11%) were the top three committing offenses for the realignment population (this includes the new supervised cases and in-custody realignment offenders). ID Theft was the fourth top committing offense (9%). Please note that “other property crime” refers to offenses such as elder theft, embezzlement, forgery, and vandalism. This is referred to as “O.P.C” in the chart below. “Miscellaneous” refers to a number of assorted offenses that do not amount to any one category. These offenses include but are not limited to: evading, conspiracy, and sex offenses.

Overall, there was a decrease in the total realignment population during Q2 due to COVID-19. The decrease is the direct result of emergency measures summarily put into play to mitigate the spread of COVID-19. For example, in all criminal cases, the court had to obtain the defendant’s consent to proceed remotely, inmates were released under the emergency bail order which allowed inmates early release from custody, and offenders were cited out on the street (when possible) rather than brought into custody to help prevent the spread of the virus.

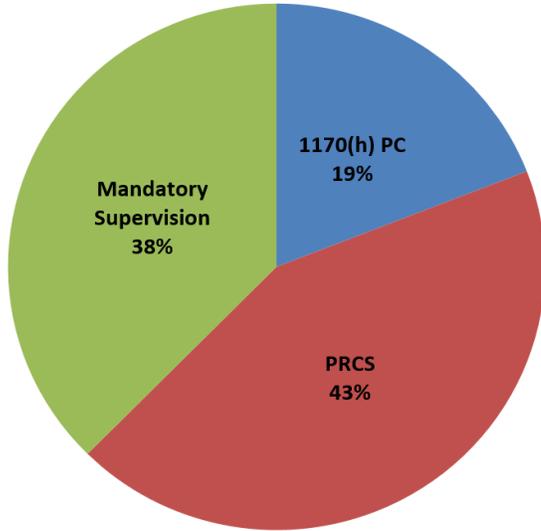
The data used for this analysis was derived from information provided by the San Mateo County Probation Department and data from the San Mateo County Jail.



AB109: San Mateo County

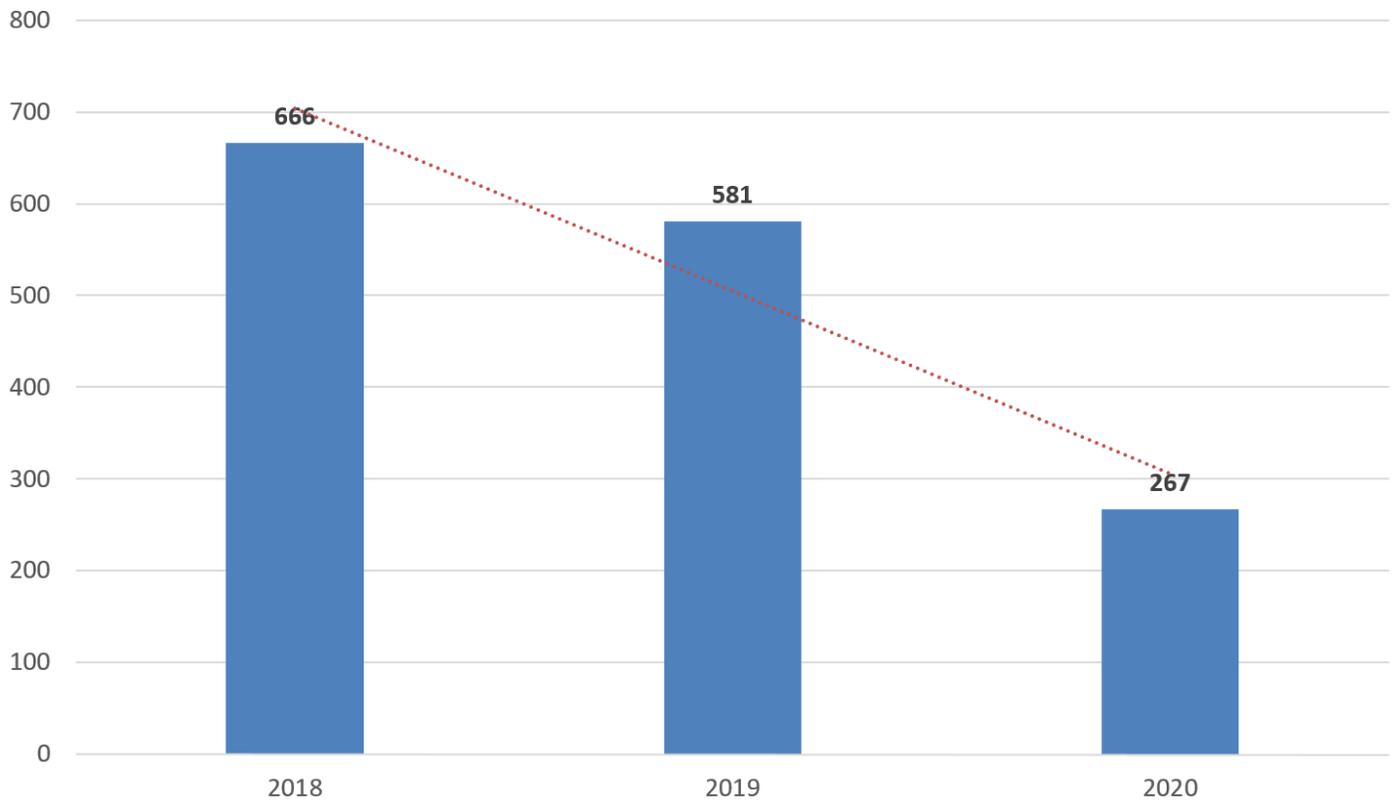
Realignment Population Active Cases June 2020

n=330



NOTE: As of August 2019, the active PRCS and Mandatory Supervision numbers are lower than previous months. This is due to the Probation Department no longer including warrants as part of the statistics

Supervised Realignment Population Quarter 2: 2018-2020

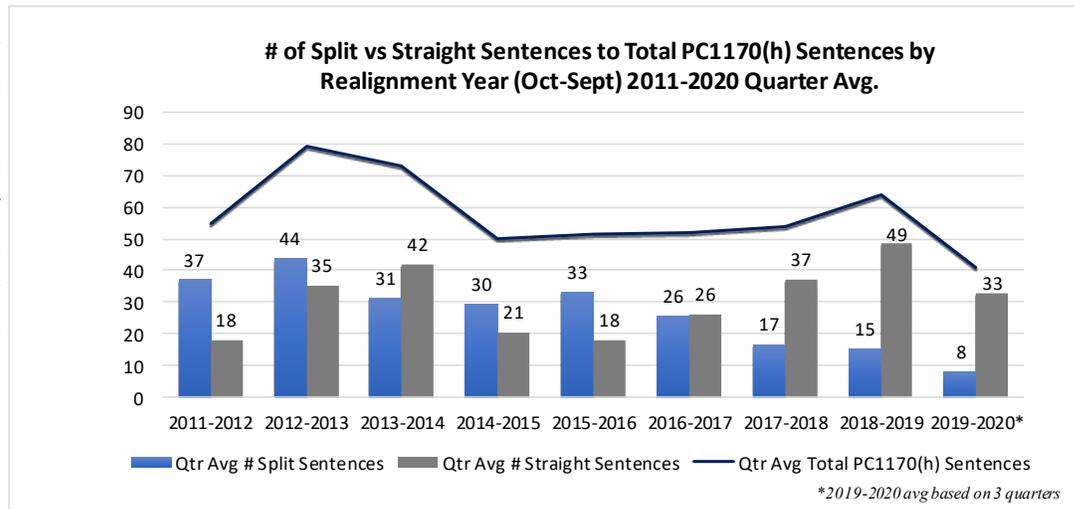


San Mateo County: In-Custody

AB109 In-Custody Statistics for Q2 2020:

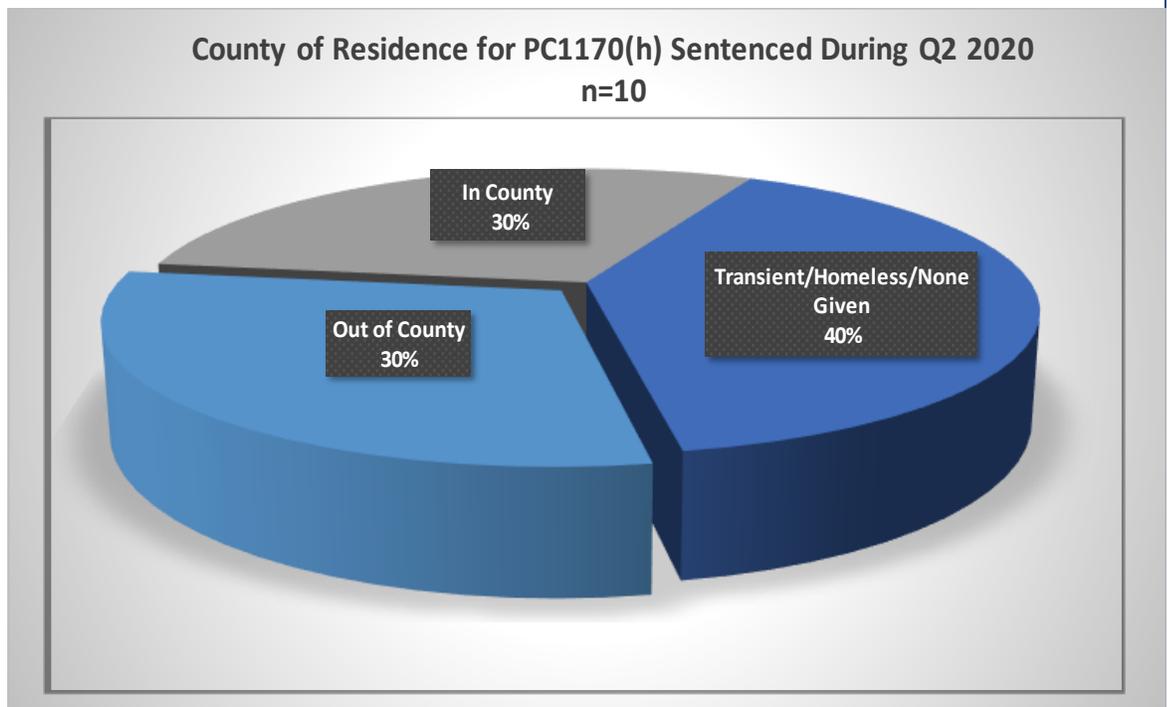
PC1170(h) New Sentenced Cases by Quarter	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	% +/-
Number of new PC1170(h) cases:	10	54	-81.5%
Total PC1170(h) Days to Serve	1,884	5,859	-67.8%
Number of Split Sentences	2	16	-87.5%
Number of Straight Sentences	8	38	-78.9%
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) all cases (after credits applied)	188	109	72.5%
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) Straight Sentences (after credits applied)	212	123	72.4%
Average Length of Stay (ALOS) Split Sentences (after credits applied)	80	75	66.7%

NOTE: Over the last four years split sentences have dropped by more than 70%, this trend is continuing into 2019-2020. The number of split and straight sentences for each realignment year (quarterly avg) is depicted in the bar chart to the right.



Demographics of the Newly Sentenced PC1170(h) During Q2 2020:

- 90% (9) of the newly sentenced cases were men, and one (10%) was female.
- Median age of those sentenced during Q2 2020 was 37, identical to Q1 2020 .



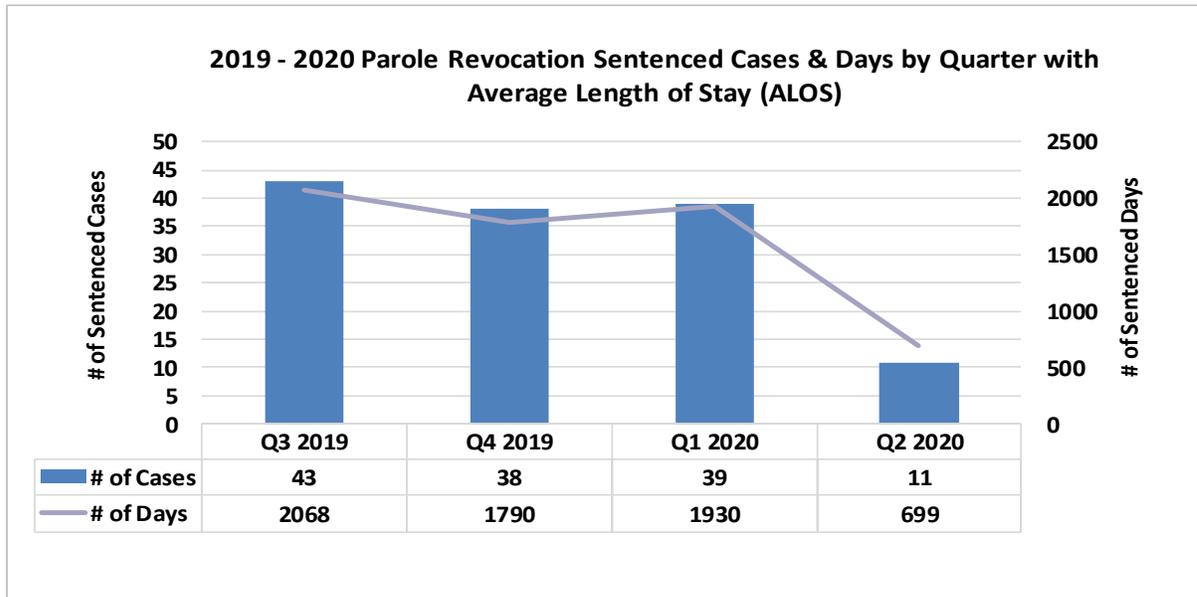
San Mateo County: *In Custody*

Mandatory Supervision Revocation Cases (MSV)

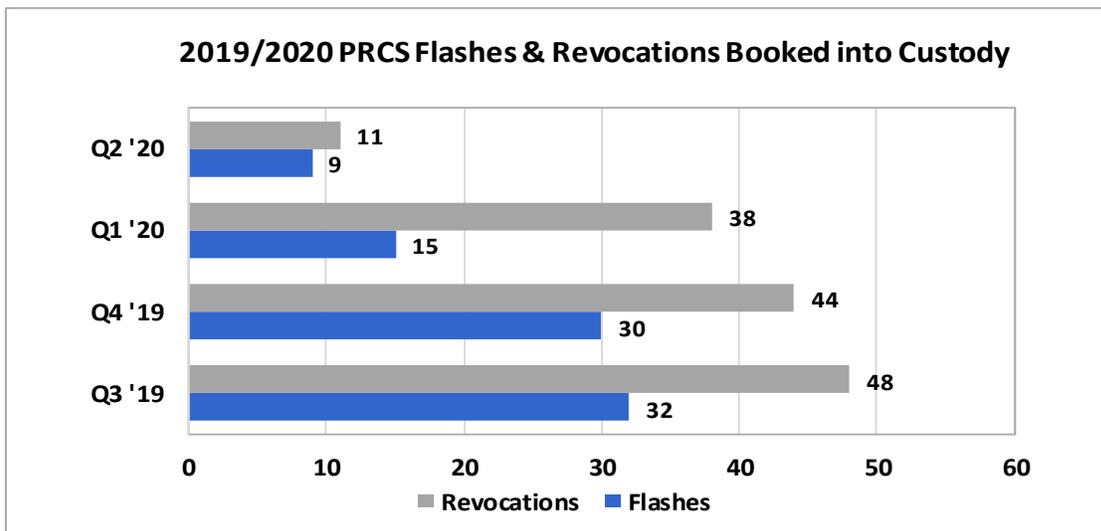
	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	+/-
Number of MSV Cases:	1	13	-92.3
Total MSV Days to Serve	184	919	-80.0%
Average Length of Stay	184	71	159.2%

Offenders in this population were re-arrested after being released from a PC1170(h) split sentence. Some of these offenders were ordered to serve the remainder of their original sentence and supervision was revoked; others were ordered to serve a portion of their original sentence and were reinstated on mandatory supervision. **Note:** *The first MSV case appeared in December of 2012.*

Parole Revocation Sentenced Cases :



Post Release Community Supervision (In-Custody) Statistics:

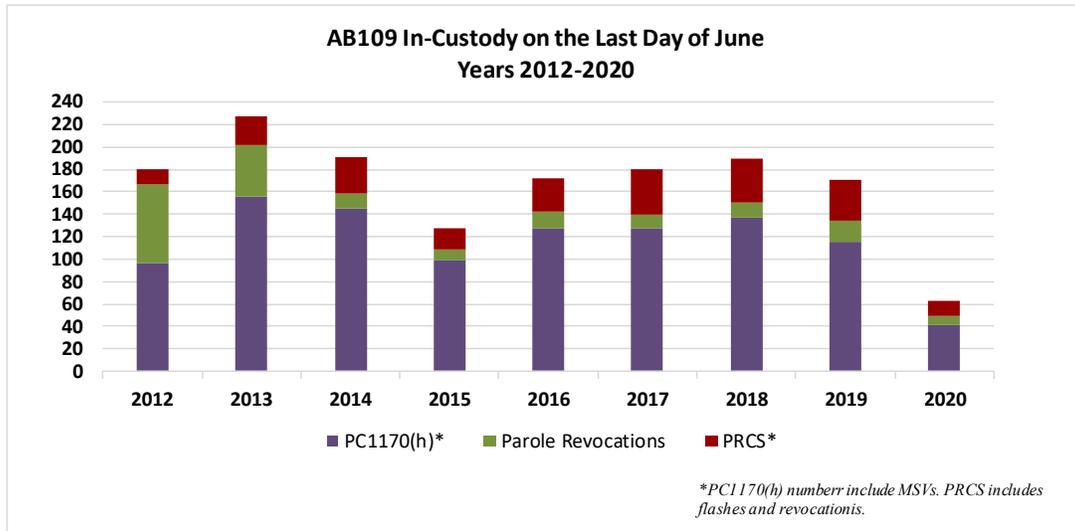


PRCS Revocations Sentenced During the Quarter	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	+/-
# of PRCS Revocations Sentenced During the Quarter	5	45	-88.9%
Total # of PRCS Revocation Days to Serve	267	2,257	-69.0%
Average Length of Stay for PRCS Revocation Sentences	53 days	50 days	88.2%

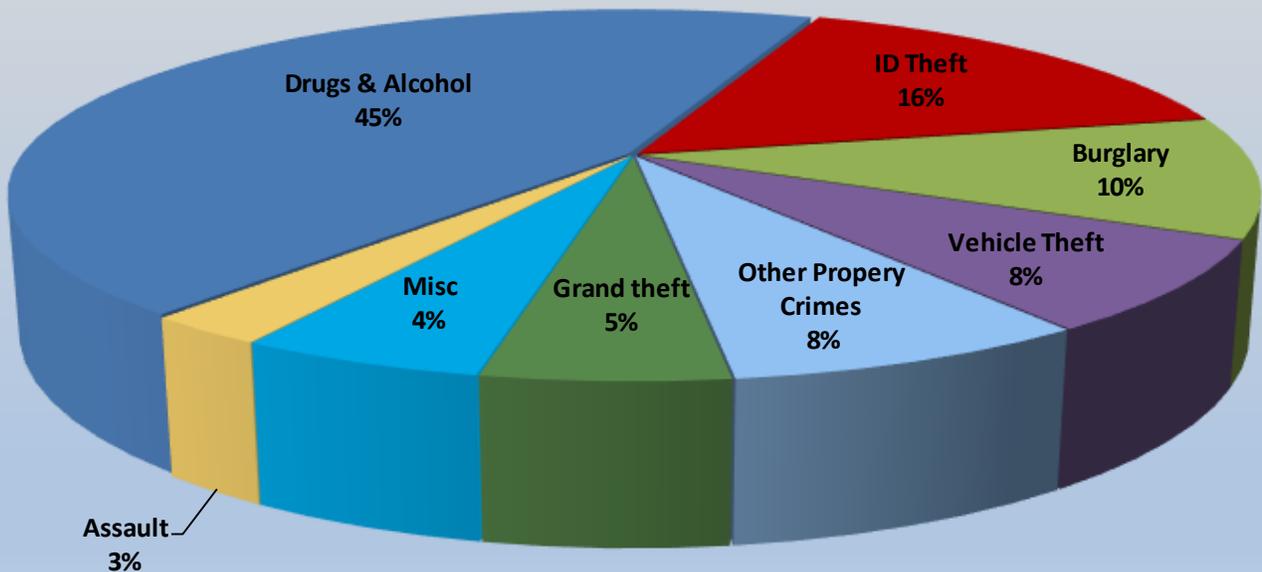
San Mateo County: *In Custody*

Number of AB109 In-Custody on the Last Day of the Quarter:

On the last day of the quarter (June 30, 2020), the total AB109 in-custody population was 12.0% (63) of the overall average daily population (524), a dramatic decrease from the prior quarter (20.2%).



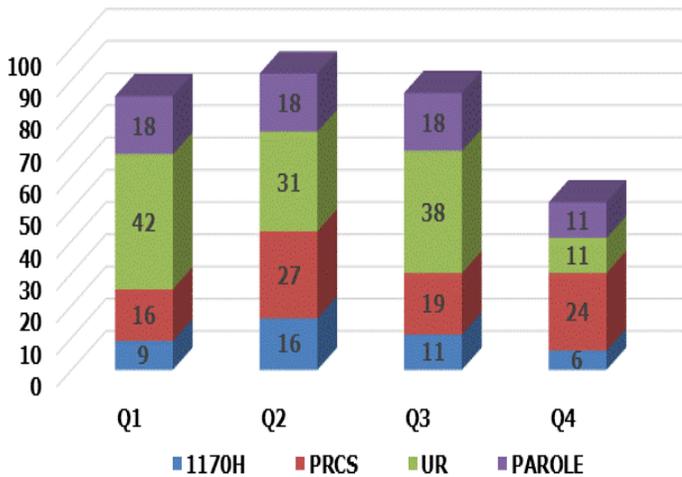
**Top Offenses for PC1170(h) in-Custody Population on
June 30, 2020
n=38**



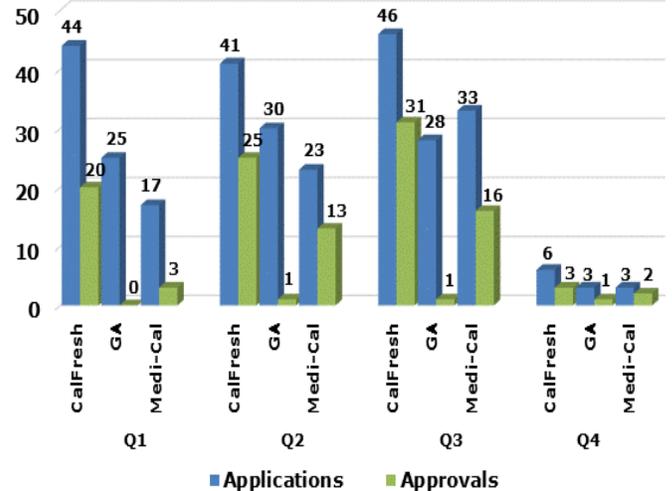
During Q2, drug/alcohol offenses, ID theft and burglary were the top three offenses committed by the in-custody population. As mentioned on Page 1, please note that “other property crime” refers to offenses such as vandalism, forgery, and elder theft. “Miscellaneous” refers to a number of assorted offenses that do not amount to any one category. These offenses include but are not limited to: evading, conspiracy, and sex offenses.

APRIL 2020—JUNE 2020

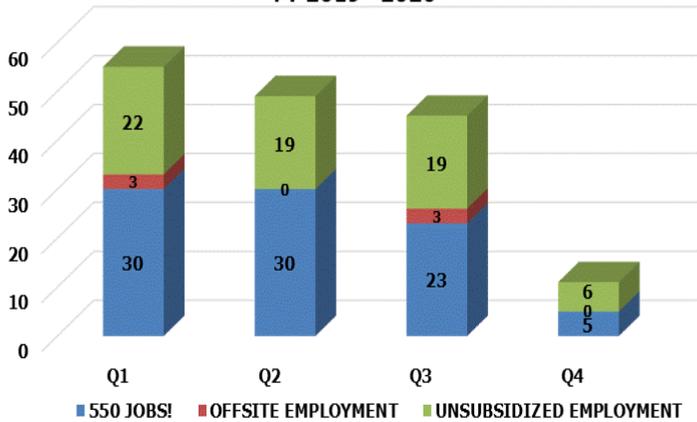
NEW INTAKES
 FY 2019 - 2020



BENEFITS
 FY 2019 - 2020



EMPLOYMENT
 FY 2019 - 2020

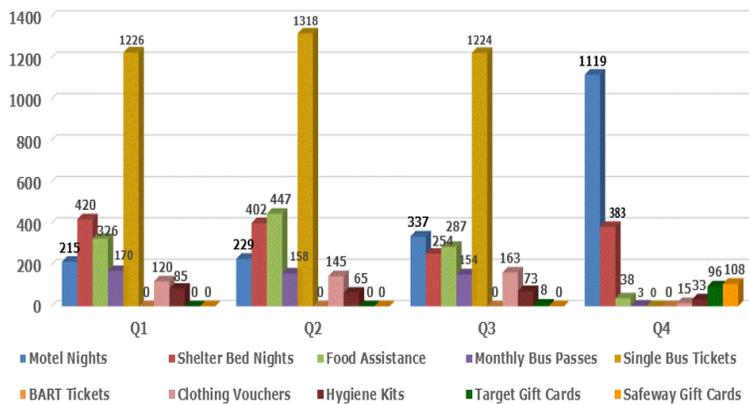


UNSUBSIDIZED EMPLOYMENT by TYPE of BUSINESS
 Fourth Quarter, FY 19 - 20

Services	4
Retail	1
Construction	1
TOTAL	6

Average Wage/Hour: \$27.00

SERVICES PROVIDED
 FY 2019 - 2020



PEER SUPPORT SERVICES

FY 2019 - 2020	Q4
Clients served- Unduplicated	30
Peer Mentoring Services Provided:	
Phone check-ins	44
Face-to-face meetings	5

Service Connect HSA Dashboard

FY 19-20, Q4 (April 2020 – June 2020)

Due to COVID 19 service delivery shifted from in person to primarily remote support for Service Connect clients. This shift is reflected in the narrative below.

New Intakes

- There were 52 intakes in Q4, a 40% decrease from Q3's 86.
- AB109 remained at 30 intakes in both Q3 and Q4. UR intakes decreased by 27 or 71% and Parole decreased by 7 or 39%.
- During Q4, 92 release packets were provided to the Sheriff's Office for individuals eligible for Service Connect to aid with rapid release during the pandemic.

Eligibility/Benefits

- From April until mid-June there was not a dedicated Benefit Analyst assigned to Service Connect. As a result, applications for benefits decreased by 89%, from 107 in Q3 to 12 in Q4.
- In Q4 there were 4 denials and zero withdrawals. Of those denied in Q4, 2 were receiving benefits, 1 was receiving unemployment insurance, and 1 was working with income over the limit.

Employment Services

- Employment in Q4 decreased by 76%, from 45 in Q3 to 11 in Q4.
- Clients in Q4 obtained unsubsidized employment in services, retail, and construction.
- Average wage per hour was \$27.00 in Q4, an increase of 25% from Q3's \$21.57.
- Due to Shelter in Place Order, 550 Jobs! Warehouse services reduced training program positions which created less opportunity for clients.

Services Provided

- Motel nights increased by 232% in Q4, from 337 in Q3 to 1,119 in Q4. Shelter bed use increased by 51%, from 254 in Q3 to 383 in Q4.
- In Q4, SamTrans offered free transportation to the community, as a result the most requested service was not provided during this time frame.
- Due to the lack of open clothing stores and limited food sources, Target and Safeway gift cards were issued to provide supportive services, 204 gift cards were issued in Q4. There were 108 Safeway gift cards issued and 96 Target gift cards.

Peer Support Services

- In Q4, there were 30 clients who received peer support services primarily connected via phone calls with five face to face visits provided.
- There were no supportive groups or events offered during this time frame due to Covid 19.

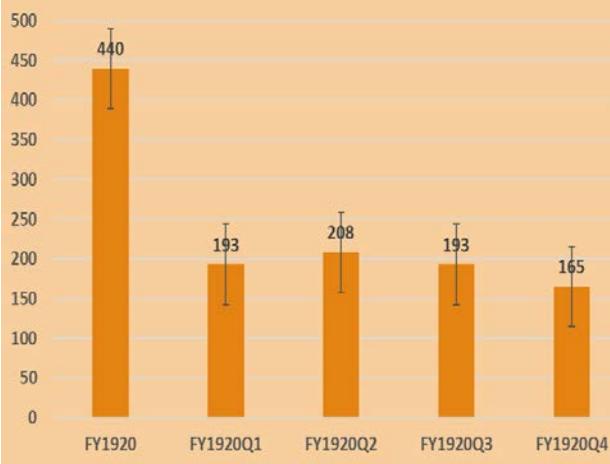
At-A-Glance: All Time BHRS Referred/Served/Number of Services

Total Referred = 2,694 → Total Served = 1,533 → Total Services = 17,406

Top SUD Diagnosis: Amphetamine abuse
Top MH Diagnosis: Diagnosis or Conditioned Deferred NOS

BHRS Service Connect Dashboard
FISCAL YEAR 2019-2020 Q4

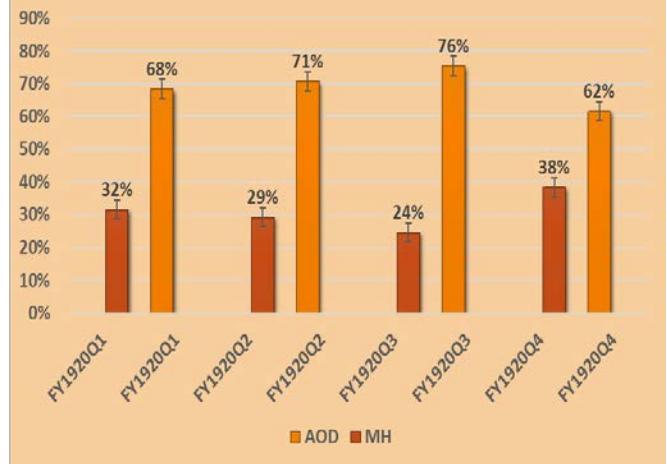
Open Cases w/ a Service



Engaged Participants (≥4 Services)



Clients by Treatment Plan Type

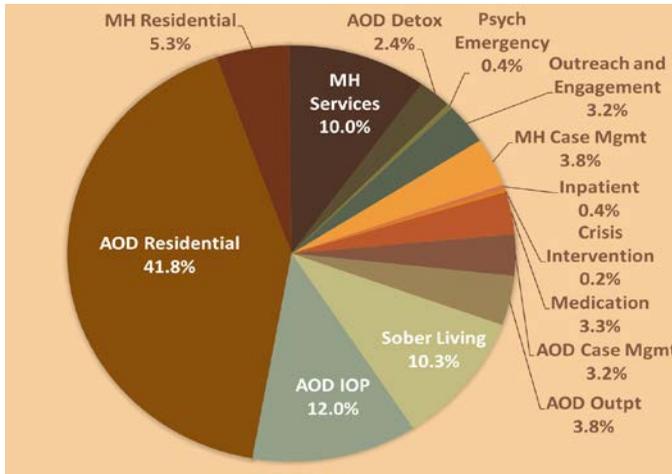


Average Days in Treatment

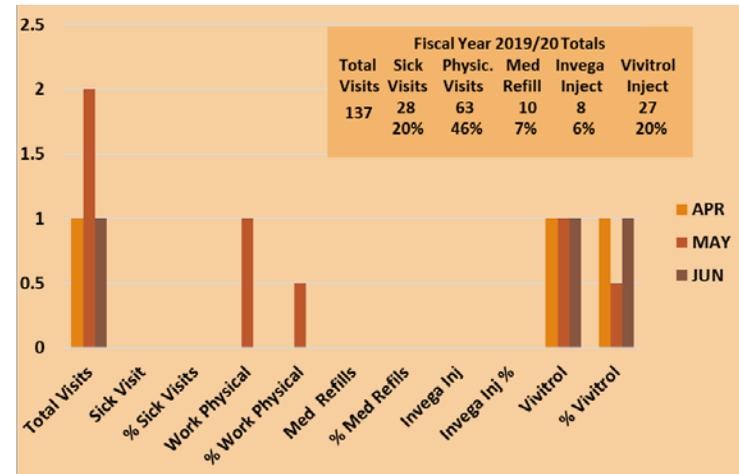


Services Provided by Service Connect Treatment Partners:

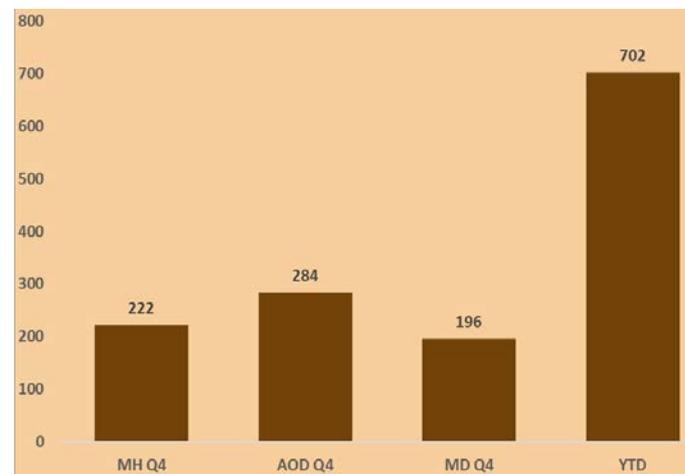
MH/AOD Services



Mobile Health Van Services



Correctional Health Services



PES Services



Service Connect BHRS Dashboard

*FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 FOURTH QUARTER
SUMMARY REPORT NARRATIVE*



SAN MATEO COUNTY HEALTH
**BEHAVIORAL HEALTH
& RECOVERY SERVICES**

AT-A-GLANCE: All Time Total BHRS Referred, Served, Number of Services, or Booking Encounter
The total number of participants referred to BHRS for treatment since the inception of the Service Connect is 2,694 (increase of 43 over Q3) and of these, 1,533 entered into treatment and/or recovery plans (these participants were served by BHRS and is a lower number because not all assessments result in treatment). Referred is defined as participants showing up for the first post-referral appointment and does not include those referred, but who did not follow through on the referral. This also represents the total number of services, 17,406 (both mental health and substance use treatment) provided to participants during the fourth quarter of the 19/20 fiscal year. Service type detail for the fourth quarter is presented in the pie chart at the bottom of the dashboard.

Open Service Connect Cases with a Service

This graph represents total Service Connect participants that received at least one BHRS service. The numbers do include participants that continued from quarter to quarter, so a participant could be counted more than once in each quarter if their case was open across multiple fiscal quarters. Therefore, this graph indicates the total open cases for all four quarters and the total for the fiscal year. Average quarterly participation is higher previous year, although the total cases is 49 less.

Engaged Participants with Four or More Services in a Year

“Engaged” is defined as a participant receiving four or more services, meaning the participant has returned to BHRS for multiple appointments for different services, demonstrating the participant is engaged because they actively participate. This report generally reflects consistent engagement, but at a higher overall rate than prior year.

Percent of Participants with Substance Abuse Recovery Plan or a Mental Health Treatment Plan

This graph presents what percentage of Service Connect participants who had a mental health treatment plan or a substance abuse recovery plan. Recovery plans are typically at a rate of two to one as compared to a mental health treatment plan. MH was trending up last year and AOD was trending down, but it appears that the two have returned to a normal pattern. Both treatment plan types are represented at a higher rate as compared to the previous year. It should be noted that co-occurring participants are not represented.

Average Days in Treatment In and Post Custody

This graph shows the average days spent receiving treatment for Alcohol and Other Drugs, as well as Mental Health Services. The recent trend of MH Services exceeding AOD Services has returned to a more typical pattern and overall the number of days has increased as compared to prior year. The data reflects FY19/20 staffing issues that have been addressed.

Mental Health and Alcohol & Other Drugs Services Provided by Service Connect

This pie chart reports mental health and substance abuse treatment services provided by BHRS to Service Connect participants for the FY19/20 fourth quarter. The top five services utilized in order are AOD Residential, AOD Intensive Outpatient, Sober Living, MH Services, and MH Residential, which is very consistent with prior year service utilization patterns.

Mobile Health Van Services

This graph shows data for Mobile Health for FY19/20 Q4 and the fiscal year is summarized. Total visits for Q4 dropped substantially with no sick visits, med refills, or Invega injections. There were 23 less visits than prior year, but nearly double the Vivitrol injections and equal physical count.

Correctional Health Services

Correctional Health data presents the total participants that flow through Correctional Health in the current quarter as compared to the previous quarter, the number of participants screened, the number medically treated, as well as for mental illness and substance abuse.

Service Connect Cases with PES Counts

A Psychiatric Emergency Services (PES) count is when a Service Connect participant has presented themselves at PES. Those participants that were not admitted are shown as a “visit” and those admitted are shown as “inpatient.” Involvement with PES is only counted if enrolled in Service Connect, counts do not include episodes when subject was not a participant in Service Connect. The fourth quarter of FY19/20 indicates 20 visits and 1 inpatient, which is consistent for the year and 17 less inpatient encounters as compared to prior year.